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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/450,802	11/29/1999	JAY SETHURAM	STRAT-P013	8198
33031	7590	05/24/2004	EXAMINER	
CAMPBELL STEPHENSON ASCOLESE, LLP 4807 SPICEWOOD SPRINGS RD. BLDG. 4, SUITE 201 AUSTIN, TX 78759			DUONG, DUC T	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2663	

DATE MAILED: 05/24/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/450,802

Applicant(s)

SETHURAM, JAY

Examiner

Duc T. Duong

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-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 20 February 2004.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-11 and 14-20 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-3,5-11 and 14-20 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☒ Claim(s) 4 is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
- Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- 11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on _____ is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.
- If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.
- 12) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120

- 13) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.
- 14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).
- a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.
- 15) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☐ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). _____
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) _____ 6) ☐ Other: _____

DETAILED ACTION

Drawings

1. The drawings are objected to as failing to comply with 37 CFR 1.84(p)(4) because reference character "17" has been used to designate both "clock domain crossing" and "Tx flow control". A proposed drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance. The drawings are objected to as failing to comply with 37 CFR 1.84(p)(5) because they include the following reference sign(s) not mentioned in the description: The reference sign "13" and "12" in Fig. 1 and 2, respectively, are not in the specification. A proposed drawing correction, corrected drawings, or amendment to the specification to add the reference sign(s) in the description, are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

2. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

3. Claim 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Regarding to claim 9, lines 5-6, it is unclear as to what is meant by "latching the input data signal by triggering the input data signal by the input data signal by the input clock".

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

5. Claims 1, 3, 6, 7, and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Ishikawa (U.S. Patent 5,748,018).

Regarding to claim 1, Ishikawa discloses a source synchronous clocking system (Fig. 3A), comprising a source clock domain in a first network protocol layer 100 (Fig. 3A), comprising a register 101 having a first input D for receiving a data signal (Fig. 3A col. 4 lines 2-3), a second input CK for receiving a clock signal (Fig. 3A col. 4 lines 3-5), and an output Q (Fig. 3A col. 4 lines 5-8); and a buffer 103 having an input CLK for receiving the clock signal and an output 105 (Fig. 3A col. 4 lines 10-14), said buffer generating a delay t_{b103} that is substantially equivalent to a delay through said register (Fig. 3B col. 5 lines 10-12; noted from the timing diagram the buffer delay t_{b103} is substantially equivalent to the data transfer (register) delay t_D); and a destination clock domain in a second network protocol layer 200 (Fig. 3A), comprising a register 201 having a first input D and a second input CK, the first input of said register of said destination clock domain being coupled to the output of said register in the source clock domain (Fig. 3A col. 4 lines 47-49).

Regarding to claim 3, Ishikawa discloses the source clock domain 100 comprises a first receive domain (the inputs D and CK form the first receive domain) said the first

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layer for transmitting data and clock signals (Fig. 3A col. 4 lines 1-5) to said destination clock 200 that comprises a receive clock domain (the inputs D and CK form the second receive domain) in said second layer (Fig. 3A col. 4 lines 41-47), said first layer including a PHY layer, said second layer including a link layer.

Regarding to claim 6, Ishikawa discloses a serial termination circuit (Fig. 4A; one of terminating resistor 322 and 326 form a serial termination circuit) for absorbing a reflection generated by the data signal (col. 7 lines 10-16).

Regarding to claim 7, Ishikawa discloses a parallel termination circuit (Fig. 4A; both terminating resistor 322 and 326 form a parallel termination circuit) for absorbing a reflection generated by the data signal (col. 7 lines 10-16).

Regarding to claim 9, Ishikawa discloses a method for operating a source synchronous clocking system between a first layer and a second layer from a source clock (Fig. 3A), comprising receiving an input clock signal CK in a first clock domain in a first layer 100 (Fig. 3A col. 4 lines 3-5); receiving an input data signal D in the first clock domain in the first layer (Fig. 3A col. 4 lines 2-3); latching the input data signal by triggering the input data signal by the input clock signal (Fig. 3B col. 4 lines 55-62); delaying the input clock signal by an amount that is equal to the delay in the latching device (Fig. 3B col. 5 lines 10-12; noted from the timing diagram the buffer delay t_{b103} is substantially equivalent to the data transfer (register) delay t_D); and generating an output clock signal 105 and an output data signal 106 in the second clock domain in the second layer 200 (Fig. 3A col. 4 lines 41-47), the output clock signal and the output data signal being synchronized to each other (Fig. 3b col. 4 lines 55-65).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

7. Claims 2, 10, 11, and 14-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ishikawa

Regarding to claims 2, 10, 11, and 14, Ishikawa discloses a method for sourcing a clock input and a data input synchronously between a link layer and a PHY layer (Fig. 3A), the link layer including a transmit clock domain 105 and a receive clock domain (the inputs D and CK of 100 form the first receive domain), the PHY layer including a transmit clock domain 203 and a receive clock domain (the inputs D and CK of 200 form the second receive domain), comprising the steps of receiving the clock input CK (Fig. 3A col. 4 lines 3-5); receiving the data input D (Fig. 3A col. 4 lines 2-3); transmitting the clock input to a latching device for triggering the data input (Fig. 3B col. 4 lines 55-62); sending the clock input through a buffer (Fig. 3A col. 4 lines 5-8), the buffer having a delay which is equal to the delay through the latching device (col. 4 lines 10-14); and generating an output data from the latching device that synchronizes with an output clock from the buffer (Fig. 3B col. 4 lines 55-65).

Ishikawa fails to teach said first layer comprising a link layer and said second layer comprising a PHY layer.

However, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to arrange the source synchronous clocking system between the link layer and the physical layer instead in an IC circuit, since such arrangement is a matter of choice serving the same purpose, *In re Kuhle*, 188 USPQ 7 (CCPA 1975).

Regarding to claim 15, Ishikawa discloses the transmitting step comprises transmitting the clock input from a link layer to a PHY layer (Fig. 3A col. 4 lines 10-14).

Regarding to claim 16, Ishikawa discloses the transmitting step comprises transmitting the clock input from a PHY layer to a link layer (Fig. 3A col.4 lines 41-47).

Regarding to claim 17, Ishikawa discloses the step of merging the clock signal 105 at the PHY layer to a clock input 204 at the PHY layer (Fig. 3A col. 4 lines 41-47).

Regarding to claim 18, Ishikawa discloses the step (Fig. 4A; one of terminating resistor 322 and 326 form a serial termination circuit) for absorbing a reflection generated from the data input by serial termination circuit (col. 7 lines 10-16).

Regarding to claim 19, Ishikawa discloses the step (Fig. 4A; both terminating resistor 322 and 326 form a parallel termination circuit) for absorbing a reflection generated from the data input by parallel termination circuit (col. 7 lines 10-16).

8. Claims 5, 8, and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ishikawa in view of Nichols et al (U.S. Patent 6,356,557 B1).

Regarding to claims 5, 8, and 20, Ishikawa disclose all the limitation with respect to claim 1, except for a second buffer having an input coupled to the output of said delay circuit and an output coupled to said register in said destination clock domain (claim 5); the clock signal generated from the output of the second buffer being connected to a

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clock input of in said destination clock domain (claim 8); and generating control signals of a the data input, the control signals being multiplexed with the data input (claim 20).

However, Nichols discloses a UTOPIA interface comprises a second buffer 79 having an input coupled to the output of said delay circuit 74 and an output coupled to said register 88 in said destination clock domain (Fig. 3A col. 3 lines 11-18); the clock signal generated from the output of the second buffer 79 being connected to a clock input of in said destination clock domain 88 (Fig. 3A col. 3 lines 16-21); and generating control signals of a the data input, the control signals being multiplexed with the data input (Fig. 3A col. 3 lines 46-55).

Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skilled in the art, at the time of the invention, to include the UTOPIA interface as taught by Nichols in Ishikawa's system to permits transmission of data at a high clock rate.

Response to Arguments

9. Applicant's arguments filed February 20, 2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Regarding to Applicant's argument on pages 5-6 that Ishikawa does not teach for "the buffer generating a delay that is substantially equivalent to a delay though said register" is direct to previous cited portion and col. 11 lines 35-38. In the previous cited portion Fig. 3B col. 5 lines 10-12, Ishikawa discloses a timing diagram showing the buffer 103 generate a delay t_{b103} that is substantially equivalent to the data transfer (register) delay t_D and in col. 11 lines 35-38, Ishikawa further discloses the buffer 103 generating a delay clocked signal by a delay amount equal to the delay amount of the register 101. Regarding to Applicant's argument on page 6, Ishikawa

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fails to teach the source synchronous clocking system is implemented in network protocol layer is traversed. As pointed out before, the circuits 100 and 200 implement first and second protocol network layer, respectively. Though Ishikawa does not disclose for the terms "network", "layer", or "protocol", the circuits 100 and 200 still read on them for the following reasons. These terms in the claim context has no structure or function that would enable them to distinguish from the circuits 100 and 200. Thus, the broadest interpretation is given to the terms.

Allowable Subject Matter

10. Claim 4 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Conclusion

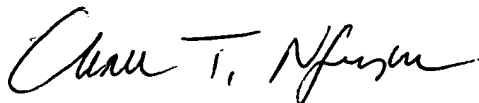
11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Duc T. Duong whose telephone number is 703-605-5146. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Th (9:00 AM-6:00 PM).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Chau T. Nguyen can be reached on 703-308-5340. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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